

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

POLICY: Enzyme Replacement Therapy – Mepsevii Prior Authorization Policy

- Mepsevii™ (vestronidase alfa-vjbc intravenous infusion – Ultragenyx)

REVIEW DATE: 04/06/2022

OVERVIEW

Mepsevii, a lysosomal beta glucuronidase (GUS), is indicated for the treatment of **Mucopolysaccharidosis type VII** (MPS VII, Sly syndrome).¹ It is produced in a Chinese hamster ovary cell line via recombinant DNA technology. It has the same amino acid sequence as human GUS and catabolizes accumulated glycosaminoglycans in lysosomes in affected tissues.

Disease Overview

MPS VII or Sly syndrome is an extremely rare lysosomal storage disorder characterized by deficient GUS activity.² In MPS VII, the partially catabolized glycosaminoglycans, chondroitin sulfate, dermatan sulfate, and heparin sulfate accumulate in the lysosomes, ultimately leading to the signs and symptoms of the disease.^{2,3} The onset, severity, and rate of progression of MPS VII is heterogeneous. Patients may present at birth with hydrops fetalis and only survive a few months while others may have milder disease and survive into their 40s.² However, most patients have mental retardation, hepatosplenomegaly, and musculoskeletal issues including short stature, coarse facial features, loss of range of motion, restricted mobility, scoliosis, and kyphosis. The diagnosis of MPS VII is established by demonstrating deficient GUS activity in leukocytes, fibroblasts, or serum; or by genetic testing.³ Treatment for MPS VII includes enzyme replacement therapy with Mepsevii and hematopoietic stem cell transplantation.²

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Mepsevii. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Mepsevii as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires Mepsevii to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Mepsevii is recommended in those who meet the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indication

1. **Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VII (Sly Syndrome).** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
 - A) The diagnosis is established by one of the following (i or ii):
 - i. Patient has a laboratory test demonstrating deficient beta-glucuronidase activity in leukocytes, fibroblasts, or serum; OR
 - ii. Patient has a molecular genetic test demonstrating glucuronidase gene mutation; AND
 - B) Mepsevii is prescribed by or in consultation with a geneticist, endocrinologist, a metabolic disorder sub-specialist, or a physician who specializes in the treatment of lysosomal storage disorders.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Mepsevii is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

1. Mepsevii intravenous infusion [prescribing information]. Novato, CA: Ultragenyx; December 2020.
2. Montano AM, Lock-Hock N, Steiner RD, et al. Clinical course of sly syndrome (mucopolysaccharidosis type VII). *J Med Genet.* 2016;53:403-418.
3. Tomatsu S, Montano AM, Dung VC, et al. Mutations and polymorphisms in GUSB gene in mucopolysaccharidosis VII (Sly syndrome). *Hum Mutat.* 2009;30:511-519.