CARE VALUE POLICY

POLICY: Multiple Sclerosis Care Value Policy

- Aubagio® (teriflunomide tablets Genzyme/Sanofi)
- Avonex® (interferon beta-1a injection [intramuscular] Biogen Idec)
- Bafiertam[™] (monomethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules Banner Life Sciences)
- Betaseron® (interferon beta-1b injection [subcutaneous] Bayer)
- Copaxone® (glatiramer acetate injection [subcutaneous] Teva, generic)
- Extavia® (interferon beta-1b injection [subcutaneous] Novartis)
- Gilenya® (fingolimod capsules Novartis)
- Glatopa® (glatiramer acetate injection [subcutaneous] Sandoz, generic)
- Kesimpta (ofatumumab injection [subcutaneous] Novartis)
- Mavenclad® (cladribine tablets EMD Serono)
- Mayzent® (siponimod tablets Novartis)
- Plegridy® (peginterferon beta-1a injection [subcutaneous] Biogen Idec)
- Ponvory[™] (ponesimod tablets Janssen)
- Rebif® (interferon beta-1a injection [subcutaneous] Serono)
- Tecfidera® (dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules Biogen, generic)
- Vumerity® (diroximel fumarate delayed-release capsules Biogen/Alkermes)
- Zeposia[®] (ozanimod capsules Celgene)

REVIEW DATE: 11/18/2020; selected revision 06/02/2021

OVERVIEW

This Care Value policy involves the use of self-administered injectable products and oral disease-modifying agents used in **multiple sclerosis**. $^{1-19}$ All products are indicated for use in adults. Of note, Gilenya is the only agent specifically indicated for children ≥ 10 to < 18 years of age for the treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis. 10 Mayzent has an indication for use in active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis and its pivotal data involved this patient population. 13 Glatiramer injection and Tecfidera only have limited data in this patient subset. Zeposia is also indicated for use in adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis. 16 A practice guideline recommendation regarding disease-modifying agents for adults with multiple sclerosis from the American Academy of Neurology (2018) includes Gilenya as one of the agents to consider for patients with multiple sclerosis who have highly active disease.

POLICY STATEMENT

The <u>Multiple Sclerosis Care Value Program</u> has been developed to encourage the use of the Preferred Product(s) (generic glatiramer injection and generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules). For all Non-Preferred Products the patient is required to meet the respective standard *Prior Authorization Policy* criteria. Requests for the Preferred Products do not have to meet standard *Prior Authorization Policy* criteria. The Program also directs the patient to try <u>one</u> Preferred Product (generic glatiramer injection or generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules) prior to the approval of a Non-Preferred Product. Requests for Non-Preferred Products will also be reviewed using the exception criteria (below). All approvals are provided for 1 year.

The <u>Tecfidera (Brand) Care Value Program</u> has been developed to encourage the use of <u>both</u> Preferred Products (generic glatiramer injection and generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules). For the Non-Preferred Product, the patient is required to meet the respective standard *Prior Authorization Policy*

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criteria. Requests for the Preferred Products do not have to meet standard *Prior Authorization Policy* criteria. Requests for the Non-Preferred Product will also be reviewed using the exception criteria (below). All approvals are provided for 1 year.

Automation: None.

<u>Documentation</u>: Documentation is required for use of Gilenya as noted in the criteria as **[documentation required]**. Documentation may include, but is not limited to, chart notes, prescription claims records, and magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) reports and/or other information.

Multiple Sclerosis Care Value Program

Preferred Products: generic glatiramer injection, generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release

capsules

Non-Preferred Products: Aubagio, Avonex, Bafiertam, Betaseron, Copaxone, Extavia, Gilenya,

Glatopa, Kesimpta, Mavenclad, Mayzent, Plegridy, Ponvory, Rebif,

Vumerity, Zeposia

Tecfidera (Brand) Care Value Program

Preferred Products: generic glatiramer injection and generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-

release capsules

Non-Preferred Product: Tec fidera (brand)

RECOMMENDED EXCEPTION CRITERIA

I. Multiple Sclerosis Care Value Program

Non-Preferred	Exception Criteria
Product	
Aubagio	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Aubagio Prior Authorization
	Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, or iii):
	i. Patient has been established on Aubagio for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules;
	AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.

Non-Preferred	Exception Criteria
Product	
Avonex	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A <u>and</u> B):
	A) Patient meets the standard <i>Multiple Sclerosis – Avonex Prior Authorization</i>
	Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, <u>or</u> iii):
	i. Patient has been established on Avonex for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a <u>and</u> b):
	 a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts. iii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
Bafiertam	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A <u>and</u> B):
	A) Patient meets the standard <i>Multiple Sclerosis – Bafiertam Prior Authorization</i>
	Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i ii, or iii):
	i. Patient has been established on Bafiertam for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a <u>and</u> b):
	 a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.

Non-Preferred	Exception Criteria
Product	4 4 (0.11)
Betaseron	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A <u>and</u> B):
	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Betaseron/Extavia Prior
	Authorization Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, or iii):
	i. Patient has been established on Betaseron for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (i, ii, or iii):
	a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules;
	AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecifera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a <u>and</u> b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
Copaxone 20	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
mg/mL and 40	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Glatiramer Products Prior
mg/mL	Authorization Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i or ii):
	i. Patient meets both of the following criteria (a <u>and</u> b):
	 a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Copaxone is being requested due to a formulation difference in the
	inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., preservatives] between the brand and the
	bioequivalent generic product which, per the prescriber, would result
	in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction.

Non-Preferred	Exception Criteria
Product	
Extavia	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Betaseron/Extavia Prior
	Authorization Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, or ii):
	i. Patient has been established on Extavia for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules;
	AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.

Non-Preferred Product				Exception Criteria
Gilenya	1.	Δr	nro	ve if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
Gilcitya	1.			ient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Gilenya Prior Authorization
		A)		licy criteria; AND
		R)		ient meets one of the following (i, ii, iii, iv, or v):
		D)		Patient has been established on Gilenya for ≥ 120 days; OR
				Patient is ≥ 10 to < 18 years of age; OR
				According to the prescriber, the patient has highly active or aggressive
			111.	multiple sclerosis meeting one of the following (a, b, c, or d):
				a) Patient has demonstrated rapidly advancing deterioration(s) in
				physical functioning [documentation required]; OR
				Note: Examples include loss of mobility/or lower levels of
				ambulation, or severe changes in strength or coordination.
				b) Disabling relapse(s) with suboptimal response to systemic
				corticosteroids [documentation required]; OR
				c) Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) findings suggest highly active or
				aggressive multiple sclerosis [documentation required]; OR
				Note: Examples include new, enlarging, or a high burden of T2
				lesions or gadolinium-enhancing lesions.
				d) Manifestations of multiple sclerosis-related cognitive impairment
				[documentation required]; OR
			ix,	Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
			14.	a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules;
				AND
				b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance
				according to the prescriber; OR
				Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
				intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
			v	Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
			٠.	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
				b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
				according to the prescriber.
				Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
				significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.

Non-Preferred Product	Exception Criteria
Glatopa 20	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
mg/mL and 40	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Glatiramer Products Prior
mg/mL and 10	Authorization Policy criteria; AND
mg/mz	B) Patient meets one of the following (i or ii):
	i. Patient meets both of the following criteria (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Glatopa is being requested due to a formulation difference in the
	inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., preservatives] between the brand and the
	bioequivalent generic product which, per the prescriber, would result
	in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction.
Kesimpta	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A <u>and</u> B):
	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Kesimpta Prior Authorization
	Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i ii, or iii):
	i. Patient has been established on Kesimpta for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	 a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance, according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.

Non-Preferred	Exception Criteria
Product	
Mavenclad	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A <u>and</u> B):
	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Mavenclad Prior
	Authorization Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, <u>or</u> iii):
	i. Patient has been established on Mavenclad for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a <u>and</u> b):
	 a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
Mayzent	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A <u>and</u> B):
	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Mayzent Prior Authorization
	Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, iii, <u>or</u> iv):
	i. Patient has been established on Mayzent for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient has active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis; OR
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a <u>and</u> b):
	 a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iv. Patient meets both of the following (a <u>and</u> b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.

Non-Preferred	Exception Criteria
Product	1 Annuary if the national special feeling in a situation (A and D).
Plegridy	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B): A) Posters meets the steed and Multiple Solvensia. Plantide Print Authorization
	A) Patient meets the standard <i>Multiple Sclerosis – Plegridy Prior Authorization</i>
	Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, or ii):
	i. Patient has been established on Plegridy for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules;
	AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
Ponvory	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Ponvory Prior Authorization
	Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, or iii):
	i. Patient has been established on Ponvory for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	 a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.

Non-Preferred	Exception Criteria
Product	Lace priori Officia
Rebif	1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
	A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Rebif Prior Authorization
	Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, or iii):
	i. Patient has been established on Rebif for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a <u>and</u> b):
	 a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a <u>and</u> b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
Vumerity	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
vumenty	 1. Approve if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B): A) Patient meets the standard Multiple Sclerosis – Vumerity Prior Authorization
	Policy criteria; AND
	B) Patient meets one of the following (i, ii, or iii):
	i. Patient has been established on Vumerity for ≥ 120 days; OR
	ii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic dimethyl fumarate delayed-release capsules;
	AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance
	according to the prescriber; OR
	Note: Prior use of Tecfidera with inadequate efficacy or significant
	intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts.
	iii. Patient meets both of the following (a and b):
	a) Patient has tried generic glatiramer injection; AND
	b) Patient has experienced inadequate efficacy or significant intolerance,
	according to the prescriber.
	Note: Prior use of Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate efficacy or
Zeposia	significant intolerance (according to the prescriber) also counts. Refer to the <i>Multiple Sclerosis and Ulcerative Colitis – Zeposia Care Value Policy</i>
Zeposia	criteria.
	CIRCIA.

II. Tecfidera (Brand) Care Value Program

ring criteria (A and B):
iple Sclerosis – Dimethyl Fumarate
olicy criteria; AND
(i <u>or</u> ii):
a (brand) for ≥ 120 days must meet the
e dimethyl fumarate delayed-release
g requested due to a formulation
ngredient(s) [e.g., differences in dyes,
ween the brand and the bioequivalent
escriber, would result in a significant
reaction; OR
dera (brand) or has received Tecfidera
eet both of the following (a and b):
ollowing [(1) <u>and</u> (2)]:
ric dimethyl fumarate delayed-release
eing requested due to a formulation
tive ingredient(s) [e.g., differences in
atives] between the brand and the
which, per the prescriber, would result
or serious adverse reaction; AND
ollowing [(1) and (2)]:
ic glatiramer injection; AND ed inadequate efficacy or significant
to the prescriber.
Copaxone or Glatopa with inadequate
ant intolerance (according to the
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