PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

POLICY: Oncology – Iclusig Prior Authorization Policy

• Iclusig® (ponatinib tablets – ARIAD/Takeda)

REVIEW DATE: 05/04/2022; selected revision 06/22/2022

OVERVIEW

Iclusig, a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI), is indicated for the treatment of adults with:¹

- **Chronic myeloid leukemia** (CML), chronic phase, with resistance or intolerance to at least two prior TKIs.
- CML, accelerated phase or blast phase or Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) for whom no other TKIs are indicated.
- CML, T315I-positive (chronic phase, accelerated phase, or blast phase) or ALL that is T315I-positive, as well as Philadelphia chromosome-positive.

A limitation of use is that Iclusig is not indicated and is not recommended for the treatment of patients with newly diagnosed chronic phase CML.

Guidelines

Iclusig is addressed in a few guidelines from National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN):²⁻⁴

- Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL): The NCCN guidelines for ALL (version 1.2022 April 4, 2022) [adults] recommend Iclusig as a treatment option for patients with the T315I mutation and/or for patients in for whom no other TKI is indicated (category 2A).² Iclusig has also shown promising activity when included in various regimens.
- CML: NCCN guidelines for CML (version 3.2022 January 27, 2022) state that for patients with chronic phase CML with a low-risk score, the primary treatment recommended includes a first-generation TKI (imatinib [brand or generic]), or a second-generation TKI (Bosulif® [bosutinib tablets], Sprycel® [dasatinib tablets], or Tasigna® [nilotinib capsules] {all category 1}). For patients with chronic phase CML with an intermediate- or high-risk score, a second-generation TKI is preferred (Bosulif [category 1], Sprycel [category 1], or Tasigna [category 1]). A first-generation TKI (imatinib [brand or generic]) is an alternative (category 2A). Iclusig is an option for patients with a T315I mutation and/or chronic phase CML with resistance or intolerance to at least two prior TKIs or for patients with accelerated-phase CML or blast-phase CML for whom no other TKI is indicated (category 2A). Scemblix® (asciminib tablets) is a treatment option for chronic phase CML in patients with the T315I mutation and/or chronic phase CML with resistance or intolerance to at least two prior TKIs (category 2A).
- **Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasms with Eosinophilia:** The NCCN guidelines for myeloid/lymphoid neoplasms with eosinophilia and tyrosine kinase fusion genes (version 1.2022 April 14, 2022) note that Iclusig is a TKI with activity against *ABL1* and *FGFR1* rearrangements (category 2A).⁴

Safety

Iclusig has a Boxed Warning regarding arterial occlusive events, venous thromboembolic events, heart failure and hepatotoxicity.¹

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Iclusig. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Iclusig is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indications

- **1. Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A, B, and C):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient has Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoblastic leukemia; AND
 - C) Patient meets one of the following (i or ii)
 - i. The acute lymphoblastic leukemia is T315I-positive; OR
 - **ii.** Patient has tried at least two other tyrosine kinase inhibitors that are used for Philadelphia chromosome positive acute lymphoblastic leukemia.
 - Note: Examples include imatinib tablets and Sprycel (dasatinib tablets).
- 2. Chronic Myeloid Leukemia. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following (A, B, and C):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient has Philadelphia chromosome-positive chronic myeloid leukemia; AND
 - C) Patient meets one of the following (i or ii):
 - i. The chronic myeloid leukemia is T315I-positive, OR
 - **ii.** Patient has tried at least two other tyrosine kinase inhibitors indicated for use in Philadelphia chromosome-positive chronic myeloid leukemia.
 - <u>Note</u>: Examples include imatinib tablets, Sprycel (dasatinib tablets), and Tasigna (nilotinib capsules).

Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

- **3. Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasms with Eosinophilia.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following (A and B):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - **B**) Patient meets one of the following (i or ii):
 - i. The tumor has an *ABL1* rearrangement; OR
 - ii. The tumor has an *FGFR1* rearrangement.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Iclusig is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

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REFERENCES

- 1. Iclusig® tablets [prescribing information]. Lexington, MA: ARIAD/Takeda; February 2022.
- The NCCN Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2022 April 4, 2022).
 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on April 27, 2022.
- 3. The NCCN Chronic Myeloid Leukemia Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 3.2022 January 27, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on April 27, 2022.
- 4. The NCCN Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasms with Eosinophilia and Tyrosine Kinase Fusion Genes Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2022 April 14, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on April 27, 2022.