DRUG QUANTITY MANAGEMENT POLICY – PER RX

POLICY: Psychiatry – Novel Psychotropics Drug Quantity Management Policy – Per Rx

- Abilify® (aripiprazole tablets Otsuka, generic)
- Abilify Mycite® (aripiprazole tablets with sensor Otsuka/Proteus)
- aripiprazole orally-disintegrating tablets (generic only)
- Caplyta[®] (lumateperone capsules Intra-Cellular Therapies)
- Fanapt[®] (iloperidone tablets Vanda)
- Geodon® (ziprasidone capsules Pfizer, generic)
- Invega® (paliperidone extended-release tablets Janssen, generic)
- Latuda[®] (lurasidone tablets Sunovion)
- Lybalvi™ (olanzapine and samidorphan tablets Alkermes)
- Rexulti® (brexpiprazole tablets Otsuka)
- Risperdal[®] (risperidone tablets Janssen, generic)
- risperidone orally-disintegrating tablets (generic only)
- Saphris[®] (asenapine sublingual tablets Allergan, generic)
- Secuado® (asenapine transdermal system Noven Therapeutics)
- Seroquel® (quetiapine tablets AstraZeneca, generic)
- Quetiapine 150 mg tablets (authorized generic)
- Seroquel XR[®] (quetiapine extended-release tablets AstraZeneca, generic)
- Vraylar® (cariprazine capsules Allergan)
- Zyprexa[®] (olanzapine tablets Eli Lilly, generic)
- Zyprexa Zydis® (olanzapine orally disintegrating tablets Eli Lilly, generic)

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OVERVIEW

Indications

All of the novel psychotropics are indicated for use in **schizophrenia**. ¹⁻¹⁷ In addition, all of the agents except Caplyta, paliperidone, Fanapt, Rexulti, and Secuado carry a bipolar disorder indication.

- Aripiprazole and risperidone are indicated for the treatment of irritability associated with autistic disorder in pediatric patients (6 to 17 years of age and 5 to 17 years of age, respectively).
- Aripiprazole, Abilify Mycite, olanzapine, Rexulti, and quetiapine extended-release are indicated as adjunctive treatment for major depressive disorder in patients already taking an antidepressant.
- Aripiprazole is the only agent indicated for the treatment of Tourette's disorder.
- Paliperidone is indicated for the treatment of schizoaffective disorder.
- Aripiprazole, Latuda, quetiapine, risperidone, and asenapine tablets are approved for use in pediatric patients ≥ 10 years of age with bipolar disorder. Olanzapine is approved for use in patients > 13 years of age with bipolar disorder.
- Aripiprazole, Latuda, olanzapine, quetiapine, and risperidone are approved for use in patients ≥ 13 years of age with schizophrenia.

Dosing and Availability

Refer to Table 1 for the recommended dosing and availability of the novel psychotropics. 1-17

Table 1. Novel Psychotropic Dosing and Availability. 1-16

Agent	Fable 1. Novel Psychotropic Dosing and Availability. 1-16 Agent Dosage Forms Starting Dose Usual Therapeutic Maximum Dose				
_	Dosage Forms	1	Dose		
Abilify®	Tablets (2, 5, 10, 15, 20,	10 to 15 mg QD (S)	10 to 15 mg QD (S)	30 mg/d (S, SA, and	
(aripiprazole tablets	30 mg)	2 mg QD (SA)	10 mg QD (SA, BPP)	BP, BPP)	
and ODT, generic) ^α	ODT (10, 15 mg)	15 mg QD (BP)	15 mg QD (BP)	15 mg/d (D)	
Abilify MyCite®	Tablets with sensor (2, 5,	2 mg QD (BPP)	5 to 10 mg QD (D, TD)	10 to 20 mg/d (TD)	
(aripiprazole tablets	10, 15, 20, 30 mg)	2 to 5 mg QD (D)			
with sensor)		2 mg QD (A)			
Caplyta [®]	C1 (10.5 21 42	2 mg QD (TD)	42 OD (C)†	42 OD (C)†	
(lumateperone	Capsules (10.5, 21, 42	$42 \text{ mg QD (S)}^{\dagger}$	42 mg QD (S) [†]	42 mg QD (S) [†]	
capsules)	mg)				
Fanapt [®]	Tablets (1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,	1 mg BID (S)	6 to 12 mg BID (S)	24 mg/d (S)	
(iloperidone tablets)	12 mg)	Ting bib (3)	0 to 12 mg BiD (3)	24 mg/d (5)	
Geodon®	Capsules (20, 40, 60, 80	20 mg BID (S) [†]	20 to 80 mg BID (S) [†]	200 mg/d (S)	
(ziprasidone	mg)	40 mg BID (BP) [†]	40 to 80 mg BID (BP) [†]	160 mg/d (BP)	
capsules)	5)	to mg BiB (Bi)		100 mg/a (B1)	
Invega®	ER tablets (1.5, 3, 6, 9	6 mg QD (S)	3 to 12 mg QD (S)	12 mg/d (S)	
(paliperidone ER	mg)	3 mg QD (SA)	2 13 12 11.9 (2)		
tablets)	8/				
Latuda®	Tablets (20, 40, 60, 80,	40 mg QD (S)	40 to 160 mg QD (S)*	160 mg/d (S)*	
(lurasidone tablets)	120 mg)	20 mg QD (BP-D)	20 to 120 mg QD (BP-D)	80 mg/d (SA)	
	<u>.</u>	0 4		120 mg/d (BP-D)	
Lybalvi™	Tablets (5/10, 10/10,	5/10 or 10/10 mg QD (S)	10/10 to 20/10 mg QD	20/10 mg QD	
(olanzapine and	15/10, 20/10 mg)	10/10 or 15/10 mg QD			
samidorphan)		(BP)			
		10/10 mg QD (BP-CT)			
Rexulti [®]	Tablets (0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 3,	1 mg QD (S)	2 to 4 mg QD (S)	4 mg QD (S)	
(brexpiprazole	4 mg)	0.5 to 1 mg QD (D)	2 mg QD (D)	3 mg QD (D)	
tablets)					
Risperdal ^{®a}	Tablets $(0.25^{\triangle}, 0.5, 1, 2,$	2 mg/d given QD or BID	4 to 8 mg/d given QD or	16 mg/d (S)	
(risperidone tablets)	3, 4 mg)	(S)	BID (S)	6 mg/d (BP)	
risperidone ODT	ODT (0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4	2 to 3 mg QD (BP)	2 to 8 mg/d to delay	2.5 mg/d (BPP)	
	mg)	0.5 mg QD (BPP) 0.25 to 0.5 mg QD (A)	relapse (S) 1 to 6 mg/d (BP)		
		0.23 to 0.3 flig QD (A)	1 to 2.5 mg/d (BPP)		
			0.5 mg to 3 mg QD (A)		
Saphris®	Sublingual tablets (2.5,	5 mg BID (S) ⁺	5 to 10 mg BID (S) ⁺	20 mg/d (S, SA, SP	
(asenapine tablets)	5, 10 mg)	2.5 mg BID (SA, SP,	2.5 mg to 10 mg BID	and BP)	
(usenapine tuoiets)	3, 10 mg/	BPP)	(SA, SP, BPP)	and B1)	
		10 mg BID (BP) ⁺	5 to 10 mg BID (BP)+*		
Secuado [®]	Transdermal patches	3.8 mg/24 hours QD (S)	3.8 to 7.6 mg/24 hours	7.6 mg/24 hours QD	
(asenapine	(3.8 mg/24 hours, 5.7	<i>y</i>	QD (S)	(S)	
transdermal system)	mg/ 24 hours, 7.6 mg/ 24		- ` '		
• ,	hours)				
Seroquel [®]	Tablets (25, 50, 100,	25 mg BID (S, SA)	150 to 750 mg/d given	750 mg/d (S)	
(quetiapine tablets)	200, 300, 400 mg)	50 mg BID (BP-MA)	BID or TID (S)	800 mg/d	
		50 mg HS (BP-D)	400 to 800 mg/d (SA,	(SA and BP- MA)	
		25 mg BID (BPP)	BP-MA)	600 mg/d (BPP)	
			400 to 600 mg/d (BPP)	300 mg/d (BP-D)	
			300 mg/d HS (BP-D)		

Table 1 (continued). Novel Psychotropic Dosing and Availability. 1-16

Agent		Dosage Forms	Starting Dose	Usual Therapeutic	Maximum Dose
		g		Dose	
Seroquel	XR^{\otimes}	ER tablets (50, 150, 200,	300 mg QD (S)	400 to 800 mg QD (S,	800 mg/d
(quetiapine	ER	300, 400 mg)	300 mg QD (BP-MA)	SA, BP-MA)	(S, SA and BP-MA)
tablets)			50 mg QD (SA, BP-D,	400 to 600 mg/d (BPP)	600 mg/d (BPP)
			BPP, D)	300 mg QD (BP-D)	300 mg/d (BP-D, D)
				150 to 300 mg QD (QD)	-
Vraylar [®]		Capsules (1.5, 3, 4.5, 6	1.5 mg QD (S, BP)	1.5 to 6 mg QD (S)	6 mg QD (S, BP)
(cariprazine		mg)		3 to 6 mg QD (BP)	3 mg QD (BP-D)
capsules)				1.5 to 3 mg QD (BP-D)	
Zyprexa®	and	Tablets (2.5, 5, 7.5, 10,	5 to 10 mg QD (S)	10 to 15 mg QD (S)	20 mg/d (S, SA and
Zyprexa	Zydis®	15, 20 mg)	2.5 to 5 mg QD (SA,	10 mg QD (SA, BPP)	BP)
(olanzapine	tablets	ODT (5, 10, 15, 20 mg)	BPP)	5 to 20 mg QD (BP)	18 mg/d (BP-D, BP-
and ODT)			10 to 15 mg QD (BP-M)	5 to 12.5 mg QD (BP-D)	DP)
			10 mg QD (BP-CT)	5 to 20 mg QD (D, BP-	20 mg/d (D)
			5 mg QD (BP-D and D) [^]	DP)	
			2.5 mg QD (BP-DP) ^		

^a This product is also available as an oral solution that is not targeted in this policy; ODT − Orally disintegrating tablets; QD − Once daily; S − Schizophrenia; SA − Schizophrenia in adolescents; BP − Bipolar disorder; BPP − Bipolar disorder in pediatric patients; D − Depression; A − Irritability associated with autism in pediatric patients; TD − Tourette's disorder; [†] Take with food; BID − Twice daily; ER − Extended-release; [†] Do not eat or drink for 10 minutes after administration; ^Δ The 0.25 mg brand Risperdal is no longer available; SP − Schizophrenia in pediatrics; MA − Mania; HS − At bedtime; TID − Three times daily; M − Monotherapy; CT − Combination therapy; ^Δ With fluoxetine in the evening; BP-DP − Bipolar disorder with depressive episodes in pediatric patients.

Additional Dosing and Administration Information

Aripiprazole (Abilify, generic; Abilify Mycite)

When using aripiprazole concomitantly with strong cytochrome P450 (CYP)3A4 inhibitors (e.g., ketoconazole) or CYP2D6 inhibitors (e.g., quinidine, fluoxetine, paroxetine), OR if the patient is a known CYP2D6 poor metabolizer, reduce the aripiprazole dose to one-half the usual dose. ^{1,2} If the patient is receiving BOTH a strong CYP3A4 inhibitor AND a strong CYP2D6 inhibitor, the aripiprazole dose should be reduced to one-quarter the usual dose. When adding a potential CYP3A4 inducer (e.g., carbamazepine), the aripiprazole dose should be doubled. Aripiprazole orally-disintegrating tablets (ODT) should not be split.

Caplyta

When using Caplyta concomitantly with moderate or strong CYP3A4 inhibitors, the recommended dose of Caplyta is 21 mg and 10.5 mg once daily, respectively.³ For patients with moderate or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class B or C), the recommended dose of Caplyta is 21 mg once daily.

Fanapt

Fanapt should be started at a low starting dose and titrated slowly to avoid orthostatic hypotension. For the treatment of adults with *schizophrenia*, the recommended starting dose is 1 mg twice daily. Increases to reach the target dose range of 6 to 12 mg twice daily (total dose 12 to 24 mg daily) may be made with daily dosage increases to 2 mg twice daily, 4 mg twice daily, 6 mg twice daily, 8 mg twice daily, 10 mg twice daily and 12 mg twice daily on days 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, respectively. To accommodate this titration, Fanapt is supplied as a titration pack, containing 2 x 1 mg tablets, 2 x 2 mg tablets, 2 x 4 mg tablets, and 2 x 6 mg tablets. For patients that have had an interval of more than three days off Fanapt, it is recommended that the initiation titration schedule be followed.

Ziprasidone (Geodon, generic)

An increase to a dose greater than 80 mg BID of ziprasidone is not generally recommended and the safety of doses above 100 mg BID has not been evaluated in clinical trials.⁵

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Paliperidone (Invega, generic)

Initial dose titration with paliperidone is not required.⁶ However, some patients may benefit from lower or higher doses within the dose range of 3 to 12 mg once daily. Dose increases should occur in increments of 3 mg per day at intervals of more than 5 days for schizophrenia and 4 days for schizoaffective disorder. The maximum recommended dose is 12 mg per day.

Lybalvi

Dosage may be adjusted at intervals of 5 mg (based on the olanzapine component of Lybalvi) depending upon clinical response and tolerability, up to the maximum recommended dosage of 20 mg/10 mg once daily. Lybalvi tablets should be swallowed whole. Patients should not split tablets or combine different strength Lybalvi tablets.

Rexulti

When using Rexulti concomitantly with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g., ketoconazole) or CYP2D6 inhibitors (e.g., quinidine, fluoxetine, paroxetine), OR the patient is a known CYP2D6 poor metabolizer, reduce the Rexulti dose to one-half the usual dose. If the patient is receiving BOTH a strong/moderate CYP3A4 inhibitor AND a strong/moderate CYP2D6 inhibitor, the Rexulti dose should be reduced to one-quarter the usual dose. The dose should also be reduced to one-quarter the usual dose if the patient is a known CYP2D6 poor metabolizer and is also receiving a strong/moderate CYP3A4 inhibitor. When adding a strong CYP3A4 inducer (e.g., carbamazepine), the Rexulti dose should be doubled over the course of one to two weeks.

Risperidone tablets (Risperdal, generic) and risperidone ODT

When using concomitantly with CYP2D6 inhibitors (e.g., fluoxetine, paroxetine) the Risperdal dose should be reduced; the maximum dose of Risperdal is 8 mg per day when co-administered with these drugs. When adding enzyme inducers (e.g., carbamazepine, phenytoin, rifampin, phenobarbital), the patient's Risperdal dose may need to be increased up to double the usual dose.

Quetiapine tablets (Seroquel, generic) and Quetiapine extended-release tablets (Seroquel XR, generic)

When using concomitantly with CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g., ketoconazole, itraconazole, ritonavir) the quetiapine dose should be reduced to one sixth the original dose. When taking quetiapine in combination with potent CYP3A4 inducers (e.g., carbamazepine, phenytoin, rifampin), the patient's Seroquel dose may need to be increased up to five times the usual dose.

POLICY STATEMENT

This Drug Quantity Management program has been developed to promote the safe, effective, and economic use of the novel psychotropics. In general, the initial quantity limits allow for a 30-day supply of the medication when administered at the maximum recommended dose. If the Drug Quantity Management rule is not met for the requested medication at the point of service, coverage will be determined by the Criteria below. All approvals are provided for 1 year in duration unless noted below.

Automation: None.

Drug Quantity Limits

Orug Quantity Limits Product	Strength/Dosage Form	Retail Maximum Quantity per Rx	Home Delivery Maximum Quantity per Rx
Abilify [®]	2 mg tablets	30 tablets	90 tablets
(aripiprazole tablets, generic)	5 mg tablets		
(mrprpramore talorets, generic)	10 mg tablets		
	15 mg tablets		
	20 mg tablets		
	30 mg tablets		
Abilify Mycite®	2 mg tablets	1 kit (30 tablets and 7	3 kits (90 tablets and 21
		-	*
(aripiprazole tablets with sensor)	5 mg tablets	sensor patches)	sensor pathes)
	10 mg tablets		
	15 mg tablets		
	20 mg tablets		
	30 mg tablets		
	Each kit contains 30 tablets and		
	7 sensor patches.		
aripiprazole orally-disintegrating	10 mg orally-disintegrating	60 tablets	180 tablets
tablets	tablets		
(generic only)	15 mg orally-disintegrating		
	tablets		
Caplyta [®]	10.5 mg capsules	30 capsules	90 capsules
(lumateperone capsules)	21 mg capsules	1	1
(42 mg capsules		
Fanapt [®]	1 mg tablets	60 tablets	180 tablets
(iloperidone tablets)	2 mg tablets	oo tablets	100 tablets
(noperidone tablets)	4 mg tablets		
	6 mg tablets		
	8 mg tablets		
	10 mg tablets		
	12 mg tablets		
	Titration Pack (contains 2 x 1	1 pack (8 tablets)	1 pack (8 tablets)
	mg tablets, 2 x 2 mg tablets, 2 x		
	4 mg tablets, and 2 x 6 mg		
	tablets)		
Geodon [®]	20 mg capsules	60 capsules	180 capsules
(ziprasidone capsules, generic)	40 mg capsules		
	60 mg capsules		
	80 mg capsules		
Invega®	1.5 mg extended-release tablets	30 tablets	90 tablets
(paliperidone extended-release	3 mg extended-release tablets		
tablets, generic)	9 mg extended-release tablets		
, 8 ,	6 mg extended-release tablets	60 tablets	180 tablets
Latuda [®]	20 mg tablets	30 tablets	90 tablets
(lurasidone tablets)	40 mg tablets	30 tablets	yo tablets
(turasidone tablets)	60 mg tablets		
	120 mg tablet		
		60 4 11 4	100 / 11 /
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	80 mg tablets	60 tablets	180 tablets
Lybalvi™	5-10 mg tablets	30 tablets	90 tablets
(olanzapine and samidorphan tablets)	10-10 mg tablets		
	15-10 mg tablets		
	20-10 mg tablets		
Rexulti [®]	0.25 mg tablets	30 tablets	90 tablets
(brexpiprazole tablets)	0.5 mg tablets		
	1 mg tablets		
	2 mg tablets		
	3 mg tablets		
	4 mg tablets		

Drug Quantity Limits (continued)

Product	Strength/Dosage Form	Retail Maximum Quantity per Rx	Home Delivery Maximum Quantity per Rx
Risperdal® (risperidone tablets, generic)	0.25 mg tablets 0.5 mg tablets 1 mg tablets 2 mg tablets 3 mg tablets 4 mg tablets	60 tablets	180 tablets
risperidone orally-disintegrating tablets (generic only)	0.25 mg orally-disintegrating tablets 0.5 mg orally-disintegrating tablets 1 mg orally-disintegrating tablets 2 mg orally-disintegrating tablets 3 mg orally-disintegrating tablets 4 mg orally-disintegrating tablets 4 mg orally-disintegrating tablets	60 tablets	180 tablets
Saphris® (asenapine sublingual tablets, generic)	2.5 mg sublingual tablets 5 mg sublingual tablets 10 mg sublingual tablets	60 tablets	180 tablets
Secuado® (asenapine transdermal system)	3.8 mg/24 hours 5.7 mg/24 hours 7.6 mg/24 hours	30 transdermal systems	90 transdermal systems
Seroquel [®] (quetiapine tablets, generic)	25 mg tablets 50 mg tablets 100 mg tablets 200 mg tablets	90 tablets	270 tablets
	300 mg tablets 400 mg tablets	60 tablets	180 tablets
Quetiapine tablets (authorized generic)	150 mg tablets	90 tablets	270 tablets
Seroquel XR® (quetiapine extended-release tablets, generic)	50 mg extended-release tablets 300 mg extended-release tablets 400 mg extended-release tablets	60 tablets	180 tablets
	150 mg extended-release tablets 200 mg extended-release tablets	30 tablets	90 tablets
Vraylar® (cariprazine capsules)	1.5 mg capsules 3 mg capsules 4.5 mg capsules 6 mg capsules	30 capsules	90 capsules
	1.5 mg capsules blister pack (7 capsules)	7 capsules (1 pack)	7 capsules (1 pack)
	1.5 mg capsules and 3 mg capsules mixed blister pack (1 x 1.5 mg capsules and 6 x 3 mg capsules)	7 capsules (1 pack)	7 capsules (1 pack)

Drug Quantity Limits (continued)

Product	Strength/Dosage Form	Retail Maximum Quantity	Home Delivery Maximum Quantity
		per Rx	per Rx
Zyprexa®	2.5 mg tablets	30 tablets	90 tablets
(olanzapine tablets, generic)	5 mg tablets		
	7.5 mg tablets		
	10 mg tablets		
	15 mg tablets		
	20 mg tablets		
Zyprexa Zydis®	5 mg orally-disintegrating	30 tablets	90 tablets
(olanzapine orally disintegrating	tablets		
tablets, generic)	10 mg orally-disintegrating		
	tablets		
	15 mg orally-disintegrating		
	tablets		
	20 mg orally-disintegrating		
	tablets		

CRITERIA

Aripiprazole tablets (Abilify, generic) and Abilify Mycite

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 30 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 30 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 30 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the dose is being doubled to a dose > 30 mg per day because the patient is taking a CYP3A4 inducer (e.g., carbamazepine), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and at home delivery.
- 5. If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used OR would otherwise require two or more strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
 - <u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving aripiprazole 25 mg daily (i.e., five of the 5 mg tablets per day), allow 150 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 450 tablets for a 90-day supply at home delivery.
- **6.** If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., divided twice-daily or three-times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
 - <u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving aripiprazole 10 mg twice daily, approve 60 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 180 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Aripiprazole orally-disintegrating tablets (ODT) [generic only]

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 30 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 30 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 30 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the dose is being doubled to a dose > 30 mg per day because the patient is taking a CYP3A4 inducer (e.g., carbamazepine), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., divided twice-daily or three-times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving aripiprazole ODT 10 mg three times daily, approve 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Caplyta 10.5 mg and 21 mg capsules

No overrides recommended.

Caplyta 42 mg capsules

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 42 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 42 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 42 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Fanapt tablets (NOT the titration pack)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 24 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 24 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 24 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used AND would otherwise require two or more strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving Fanapt 4 mg in the morning and 2 mg in the evening (i.e., three of the 2 mg tablets per day), allow 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

5. If the patient has tried twice daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try twice daily therapy and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., three times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving Fanapt 4 mg three times daily, approve 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-days supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Fanapt Titration Pack

No overrides recommended.

ziprasidone capsules (Geodon, generic)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 160 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 160 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home deliver.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 160 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient has tried twice daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try twice daily therapy and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., three times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving ziprasidone 20 mg three times daily, allow 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Paliperidone 1.5 mg and 3 mg extended-release tablets (Invega, generic)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 12 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 12 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 6 mg tablet strength, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 12 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 6 mg tablet, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used OR would otherwise require two or more

strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving paliperidone 4.5 mg once daily (i.e., three of the 1.5 mg tablets per day), approve 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

5. If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., twice daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving paliperidone 3 mg twice daily, approve 60 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 180 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Paliperidone 6 mg extended-release tablets (Invega, generic)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 12 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 12 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 6 mg tablet strength, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 12 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 6 mg tablet, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Paliperidone 9 mg extended-release tablets (Invega, tablets)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 12 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 12 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 6 mg tablet strength, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 12 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 6 mg tablet, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used OR would otherwise require two [or more strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving paliperidone 4.5 mg once daily (i.e., three of the 1.5 mg tablets per day), approve 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Latuda 20 mg tablets

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 160 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 160 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 160 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

- **3.** If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used OR would otherwise require two or more strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
 - <u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving Latuda 100 mg once daily (i.e., five of the 20 mg tablets per day), approve 150 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 450 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., twice daily or three times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
 - <u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving Latuda 20 mg twice daily, allow 60 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 180 tablets as a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Latuda 40 mg, 60 mg, and 80 mg tablets

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 160 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 160 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 160 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., twice daily or three times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
 - <u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving Latuda 40 mg twice daily, approve 60 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 180 tablets as a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Latuda 120 mg tablets

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 160 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 160 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 160 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Lybalvi

1. If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.

Rexulti

1. If the patient has been receiving 4 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 4 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 4 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the dose of Rexulti is being doubled to a dose > 4 mg per day because the patient is taking a CYP3A4 inducer (e.g., carbamazepine), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- 5. If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used OR would otherwise require two or more strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

 Note: For example, for a patient receiving Rexulti 1.5 mg daily (i.e., three of the 0.5 mg tablets per
 - Note: For example, for a patient receiving Rexulti 1.5 mg daily (i.e., three of the 0.5 mg tablets per day), approve 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **6.** If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., divided twice-daily or three-times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
 - <u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving Rexulti 1 mg twice daily, approve 60 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 180 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Risperidone tablets (Risperdal, generics) and risperidone orally-disintegrating tablets (generic)

- 1. If the patient requires a dose > 8 mg per day, approve up to 120 tablets per dispensing for a 30-day supply at retail and 360 tablets per dispensing for a 90-day supply at home delivery.

 Note: This allows for up to a dose of 16 mg per day.
- 2. If the patient has been receiving 16 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 16 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 16 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **4.** If the dose of risperidone (Risperdal tablets, generic; risperidone orally-disintegrating tablets) is being doubled to a dose > 16 mg per day because the patient is taking an enzyme inducer (e.g., carbamazepine), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **5.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- **6.** If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used OR would otherwise require two or more

strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving risperidone 4 mg in the morning and 2 mg in the evening (i.e., three of the 2 mg tablets per day), approve 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

7. If the patient has tried once daily or twice daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily or twice daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., three-times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving risperidone 4 mg three times daily, allow 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Asenapine 2.5 mg tablets (Saphris, generic)

1. If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.

Asenapine 5 mg tablets (Saphris, generic)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 20 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 20 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 10 mg strength, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 20 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 10 mg strength, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used OR would otherwise require two [or more] strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
 - <u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving asenapine 10 mg in the morning and 5 mg in the evening (i.e., three of the 5 mg tablets per day), approve a total of 90 of the 5 mg tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 of the 5 mg tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient has tried twice daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try twice daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., three-times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
 - <u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving asenapine 5 mg three times daily, allow 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Asenapine 10 mg tablets (Saphris, generic)

1. If the patient has been receiving 20 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 20 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 10 mg strength, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 20 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 10 mg strength, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Secuado 3.8 mg/24 hr, 5.7 mg/24 hr, 7.6 mg/24 hr transdermal systems</u> No overrides recommended.

Quetiapine tablets 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, and 200 mg (Seroquel, generic) and Quetiapine 150 mg tablets

- 1. If the patient requires a dose > 600 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 300 mg or 400 mg tablet strengths, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- 3. If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used OR would otherwise require two or more strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
 - <u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient is receiving quetiapine 75 mg twice daily (i.e., six of the 25 mg tablets per day), approve a total of 180 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 540 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Quetiapine 300 mg and 400 mg tablets (Seroquel, generic)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 800 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 800 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 800 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the dose of quetiapine is being increased because the patient is taking an enzyme inducer (e.g., carbamazepine), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Quetiapine 50 mg extended-release tablets (Seroquel XR, generic)

- 1. If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has tried once daily or twice daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily or twice daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., three-times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving quetiapine 50 mg extended-release tablets three times daily, approve 90 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 270 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Quetiapine 150 mg and 200 mg extended-release tablets (Seroquel XR, generic)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 800 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to a dose > 800 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 300 mg or 400 mg tablet strengths, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 800 mg per day that cannot be achieved using the 300 mg or 400 mg tablet strengths, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient's dose is being increased to a dose > 800 mg per day because the patient is taking an enzyme inducer (e.g., carbamazepine) and the new dose cannot be achieved using the 300 mg or 400 mg tablet strengths, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- 5. If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., twice daily or three times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving quetiapine 200 mg extended-release tablets twice daily, approve 60 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 180 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Quetiapine 300 mg and 400 mg extended-release tablets (Seroquel XR, generic)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 800 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 800 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 800 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient's dose is being increased to a dose > 800 mg per day because the patient is taking an enzyme inducer (e.g., carbamazepine), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.

Vraylar 1.5 mg and 3 mg capsules

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 6 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 6 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 6 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., twice daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving Vraylar 1.5 mg BID, approve 60 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 180 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Vraylar 4.5 mg and 6 mg capsules

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 6 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 6 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 6 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Vraylar Blister Pack and Mixed Blister Pack

No overrides recommended.

Olanzapine 2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg, 10 mg, 15 mg, and 20 mg tablets (Zyprexa, generic)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 20 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 20 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 20 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient is taking a dose that does not correspond to a commercially-available dosage form (that is, the dose requires multiple same strength tablets be used OR would otherwise require two or more strengths to be used), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For a patient receiving olanzapine 12.5 mg once daily (i.e., five of the 2.5 mg tablets per day, allow a total of 150 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 450 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

5. If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., twice daily or three times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving olanzapine 5 mg twice daily, allow 60 tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 180 tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

Olanzapine 5 mg, 10 mg, 15 mg and 20 mg orally-disintegrating tablets (Zyprexa Zydis, generic)

- 1. If the patient has been receiving 20 mg per day for at least 4 weeks and the dose is now being increased to > 20 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- 2. If the patient has already been started and stabilized on a dose > 20 mg per day, approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.
- **3.** If the patient's dose is being adjusted and a greater quantity is required to achieve either a lower or higher dose, approve a one-time override for a quantity sufficient to allow for dose titration at retail and home delivery.
- **4.** If the patient has tried once daily therapy, but cannot tolerate it or the patient refuses to try once daily therapy, and requires the drug to be administered more frequently (e.g., twice daily or three times daily), approve a quantity sufficient to allow for a 30-day supply per dispensing.

<u>Note</u>: For example, for a patient receiving olanzapine orally-disintegrating tablet 5 mg twice daily, allow 60 orally-disintegrating tablets for a 30-day supply per dispensing at retail and 180 orally-disintegrating tablets for a 90-day supply per dispensing at home delivery.

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