

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

- POLICY:** Somatostatin Analogs – Octreotide Immediate-Release Products Prior Authorization Policy
- Bynfezia Pen™ (octreotide acetate immediate-release subcutaneous injection – Sun Pharmaceutical)
 - Sandostatin® (octreotide acetate immediate-release subcutaneous or intravenous injection – Novartis, generic)

REVIEW DATE: 06/29/2022

OVERVIEW

Octreotide acetate immediate-release injection products (Bynfezia Pen, Sandostatin [generic]), somatostatin analogs, are indicated for the following uses:¹⁻³

- **Acromegaly**, to reduce blood levels of growth hormone and insulin-like growth factor-1 in adults with acromegaly who have had inadequate response to or cannot be treated with surgical resection, pituitary irradiation, and bromocriptine mesylate at maximally tolerated doses.
- **Carcinoid tumors**, in adults with severe diarrhea and flushing episodes associated with metastatic carcinoid tumors.
- **Vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) tumors**, in adults with profuse watery diarrhea associated with VIP-secreting tumors.

Guidelines

National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines support use of octreotide in multiple conditions.

- **Central Nervous System Cancers:** Guidelines (version 1.2022 – June 2, 2022) recommend octreotide for the treatment of meningiomas that recur despite surgery and/or radiation therapy, or are not amenable to treatment with surgery or radiation therapy.⁴
- **Neuroendocrine and Adrenal Tumors:** Guidelines (version 1.2022 – May 23, 2022) recommend octreotide for the management of carcinoid syndrome, tumors of the gastrointestinal tract, lung, thymus (carcinoid tumors), and pancreas (including glucagonomas, gastrinomas, VIPomas, insulinomas), pheochromocytomas, and paragangliomas.⁵ Patients who have local unresectable disease and/or distant metastases and clinically significant tumor burden or progression should be started on therapy with a somatostatin analog to potentially control tumor growth.
- **Thymomas and Thymic Carcinomas:** Guidelines (version 2.2022 – May 3, 2022) recommend octreotide as a second-line systemic therapy option with or without concomitant prednisone therapy.⁶ In patients with thymoma who have positive octreotide scan or symptoms of carcinoid syndrome, octreotide therapy may be useful.

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of octreotide immediate-release products. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with octreotide immediate-release products as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires octreotide immediate-release products to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

Automation: None.

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RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of octreotide immediate-release products is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indications

1. **Acromegaly.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A, B, and C):
 - A) Patient meets ONE of the following (i, ii, or iii):
 - i. Patient has had an inadequate response to surgery and/or radiotherapy; OR
 - ii. Patient is NOT an appropriate candidate for surgery and/or radiotherapy; OR
 - iii. Patient is experiencing negative effects due to tumor size (e.g., optic nerve compression); AND
 - B) Patient has (or had) a pre-treatment (baseline) insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level above the upper limit of normal based on age and gender for the reporting laboratory; AND
Note: Pre-treatment (baseline) refers to the IGF-1 level prior to the initiation of any somatostatin analog (e.g., Mycapssa [octreotide delayed-release capsules], an octreotide acetate injection product [e.g., Bynfezia Pen, Sandostatin {generic}, Sandostatin LAR Depot], Signifor LAR [pasireotide injection], Somatuline Depot [lanreotide injection], dopamine agonist [e.g., cabergoline, bromocriptine], or Somavert [pegvisomant injection]). Reference ranges for IGF-1 vary among laboratories.
 - C) The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an endocrinologist.
2. **Neuroendocrine Tumor(s) [NETs] of the Gastrointestinal Tract, Lung, Thymus (Carcinoid Tumors), and Pancreas (including glucagonomas, gastrinomas, vasoactive intestinal peptides-secreting tumors [VIPomas], insulinomas).** Approve for 1 year if the medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist, endocrinologist, or gastroenterologist.

Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

3. **Meningioma.** Approve for 1 year if the medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist, radiologist, or neurosurgeon.
4. **Thymoma and Thymic Carcinoma.** Approve for 1 year if the medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.
5. **Pheochromocytoma and Paraganglioma.** Approve for 1 year if the medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an endocrinologist, oncologist, or neurologist.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of octreotide immediate-release products is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

1. Bynfezia Pen™ subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. Cranbury, NJ: Sun Pharmaceutical; February 2020.
2. Sandostatin® subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. East Hanover, NJ: Novartis; August 2021.
3. Octreotide subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. North Wales, PA: Teva; September 2021.
4. The NCCN Central Nervous System Cancers Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2022 – June 2, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed June 24, 2022.
5. The NCCN Neuroendocrine and Adrenal Tumors Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2022 – May 23, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed June 24, 2022.
6. The NCCN Thymomas and Thymic Carcinomas Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2022 – May 3, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed June 24, 2022.