

STEP THERAPY POLICY

- POLICY:** Vitamin B12 (Cyanocobalamin) Products Step Therapy Policy
- Cyanocobalamin injection (generic only – Various)
 - Nascobal® (cyanocobalamin nasal spray – Par Pharmaceuticals)

REVIEW DATE: 04/27/2022

OVERVIEW

Nascobal, a vitamin B12 nasal spray, is indicated for the following:

- **Pernicious anemia**, vitamin B12 maintenance therapy in adults who are in remission following intramuscular vitamin B12 therapy and who have no nervous system involvement.
- **Vitamin B12 deficiency, treatment**, in adults with dietary, drug-induced, or malabsorption-related vitamin B12 deficiency not due to pernicious anemia.
- **Vitamin B12 deficiency, prevention**, in adults with vitamin B12 requirements in excess of normal.

Nascobal is supplied in a nasal spray containing 500 mcg cyanocobalamin per actuation.¹ Additionally, cyanocobalamin is available as an intramuscular injection (1,000 mcg per mL), which is indicated for **vitamin B12 deficiencies** due to malabsorption, which may be associated with the following conditions: pernicious anemia; gastrointestinal pathology, dysfunction, or surgery (including gluten enteropathy or sprue, small bowel bacteria overgrowth, or total or partial gastrectomy); fish tapeworm infestation; malignancy of the pancreas or bowel, or folic acid deficiency.² Over-the-counter vitamin B12 oral supplements are also available, although these are poorly absorbed when intrinsic factor is absent (i.e., pernicious anemia).³

Disease Overview

Vitamin B12, a water-soluble vitamin, is necessary for proper red blood cell formation, neurological function, and DNA synthesis.³ Vitamin B12, bound to protein in food, is released by hydrochloric acid and gastric protease in the stomach. Vitamin B12 then complexes with intrinsic factor and is absorbed in the distal ileum. Thus, patients with deficiencies in stomach acid, intrinsic factor, or gastrointestinal absorption are at risk for development of vitamin B12 deficiency. Oral vitamin B12 supplements are provided in the free (not protein bound) form, therefore individuals with hydrochloric acid deficiency are typically able to meet their vitamin B12 needs with oral vitamin supplementation or fortified foods. Likewise, oral vitamin B12 supplementation has demonstrated efficacy in correcting deficiency related to gastrointestinal malabsorption, including gastric bypass and Crohn's disease.⁴⁻⁶ Conversely, in pernicious anemia (characterized by the absence of intrinsic factor), only 1% of oral vitamin B12 is absorbed.³ Thus, patients with pernicious anemia are typically treated with injectable vitamin B12.

POLICY STATEMENT

This program has been developed to encourage the use of a Step 1 Product prior to the use of a Step 2 Product. If the Step Therapy rule is not met for a Step 2 Product at the point of service, coverage will be determined by the Step Therapy criteria below. All approvals are provided for 1 year in duration.

Automation: A patient with a of one Step 1 Product within the 130-day look-back period is excluded from Step Therapy.

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Step 1: cyanocobalamin injection

Step 2: Nascobal

CRITERIA

1. If the patient has tried one Step 1 Product, approve a Step 2 Product.
2. No other exceptions are recommended.

REFERENCES

1. Nascobal® [prescribing information]. Chestnut Ridge, NY: Par Pharmaceuticals; November 2018.
2. Cyanocobalamin injection [prescribing information]. Shirley, NY: American Regent; October 2018.
3. Vitamin B12 Fact Sheet for Health Professionals. National Institutes of Health Office of Dietary Supplements. Updated March 9, 2022. Available at: <https://ods.od.nih.gov/factsheets/VitaminB12-HealthProfessional/>. Accessed on April 22, 2022.
4. Andrès E, Zulfiqar AA, Serraj K, et al. Systematic review and pragmatic clinical approach to oral and nasal vitamin B12 (cobalamin) treatment in patients with vitamin B12 deficiency related to gastrointestinal disorders. *J Clin Med.* 2018;7(10):304.
5. Gomollón F, Gargallo CJ, Muñoz JF, et al. Oral Cyanocobalamin is Effective in the Treatment of Vitamin B12 Deficiency in Crohn's Disease. *Nutrients.* 2017;9(3):308.
6. Schijns W, Homan J, van der Meer L, et al. Efficacy of oral compared with intramuscular vitamin B-12 supplementation after Roux-en-Y gastric bypass: a randomized controlled trial. *Am J Clin Nutr.* 2018;108(1):6-12.